

Name: Key

Date: _____

Geometry Notes CG - 4: Distance Formula

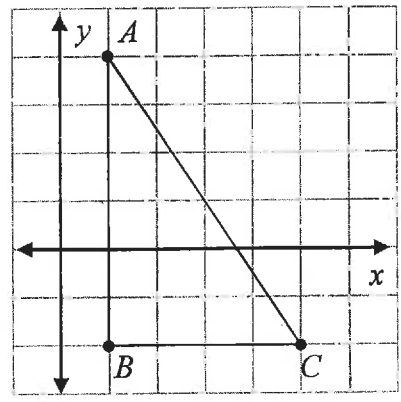
(4, 1)

Ex: A(1, 4), B(1, -2) and C(5, -2)

a. Horizontal segment: find the distance from B to C

1. $d = 4$
2. $(x - x)$
 $(5 - 1) = 4$

Change in x



b. Vertical segment: find the distance from A to B

1. $d = 6$
2. $(y - y)$
 $(4 - (-2)) = 6$

(1, -2) (5, -2)

c. Diagonal segment: find the distance from A to C

1. Do not count diagonally
2. $a^2 + b^2 = c^2$
 $4^2 + 6^2 = c^2$
 $16 + 36 = c^2$
 $52 = c^2$

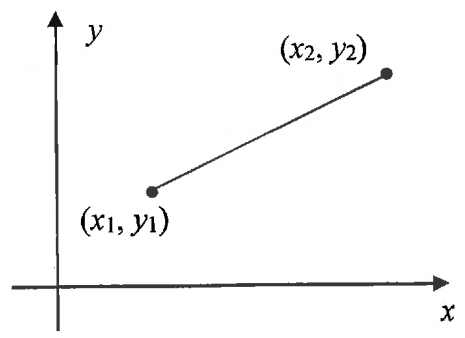
Distance Formula

$$\sqrt{52} = c$$

$$7.2 = c$$

$$d^2 = (x - x)^2 + (y - y)^2$$

$$d = \sqrt{(x - x)^2 + (y - y)^2}$$



Ex: Find the length of \overline{AB} in the graph at right.

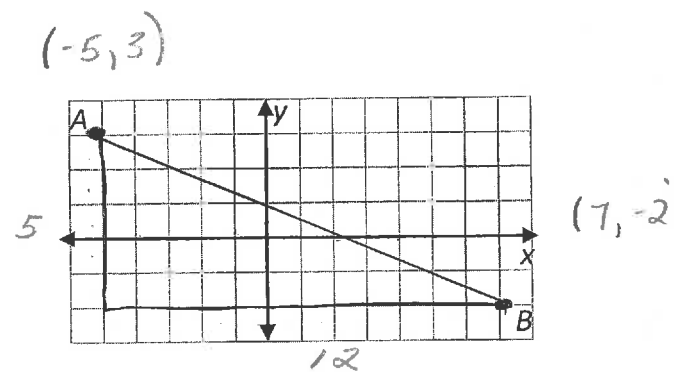
$$a^2 + b^2 = c^2$$

$$5^2 + 12^2 = c^2$$

$$25 + 144 = c^2$$

$$\sqrt{169} = c$$

$$13 = c$$



Ex: Find the distance between (35, 112) and (-17, 48).

$$\begin{aligned}
 d &= \sqrt{(112 - 48)^2 + (35 - (-17))^2} \\
 &= \sqrt{64^2 + 52^2} \\
 &= \sqrt{4096 + 2704} \\
 &= \sqrt{6800} = \boxed{82.46}
 \end{aligned}$$

Ex: Find the distance between the points $(a, a + b)$ and $(5a, b - 2a)$.

$$\begin{aligned}
 d &= \sqrt{(a + b - (b - 2a))^2 + (a - 5a)^2} \\
 &= \sqrt{(a + b - b + 2a)^2 + (-4a)^2} \\
 &= \sqrt{(3a)^2 + (-4a)^2} \\
 &= \sqrt{9a^2 + 16a^2} = \sqrt{25a^2} = \boxed{5a}
 \end{aligned}$$

Ex: Find the length of \overline{JK} with endpoints $J(42, 63)$ and $K(42, -37)$.

$$\begin{aligned}
 d &= \sqrt{(63 - (-37))^2 + (42 - 42)^2} \\
 &= \sqrt{100^2} \\
 &= \boxed{100}
 \end{aligned}$$

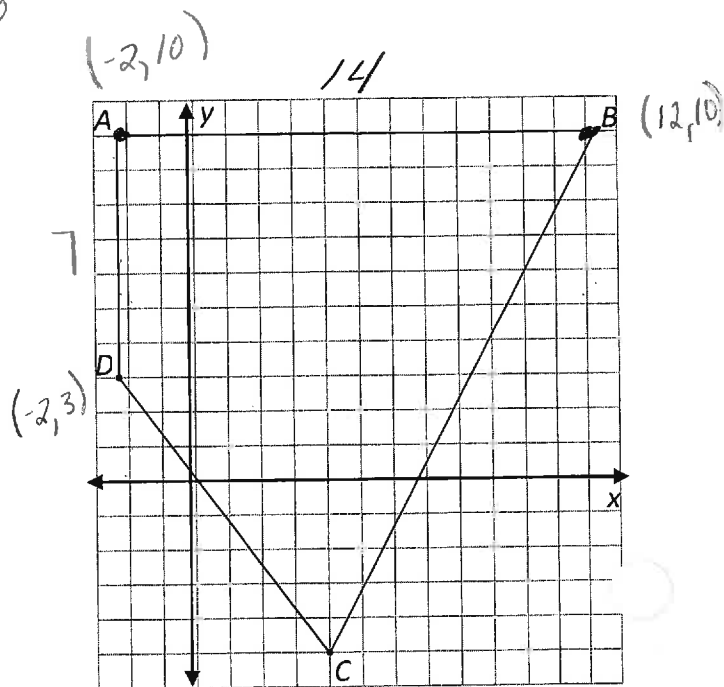
Ex: Find the length of \overline{PQ} with endpoints $P(18, -29)$ and $Q(46, 67)$.

$$\begin{aligned}
 d &= \sqrt{(67 - (-29))^2 + (46 - 18)^2} \\
 &= \sqrt{96^2 + 28^2} \\
 &= \sqrt{9216 + 784} = \sqrt{10000} = 100
 \end{aligned}$$

Ex: Find the perimeter of quadrilateral $ABCD$ shown in the graph at right.

$$\begin{aligned}
 \overline{DC} &= \sqrt{(3 - (-5))^2 + (-2 - 4)^2} \\
 &= \sqrt{8^2 + (-6)^2} \\
 &= \sqrt{64 + 36} \\
 &= \sqrt{100} \\
 &= 10
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \overline{BC} &= \sqrt{(10 - (-5))^2 + (12 - 4)^2} \\
 &= \sqrt{15^2 + 8^2} \\
 &= \sqrt{225 + 64} \\
 &= \sqrt{289} = 17
 \end{aligned}$$



$$P = 10 + 17 + 7 + 14 = \boxed{48}$$