

Name: Key

Class: _____

M8-U8: Notes #2 - Volume of 3-D Figures - Cones

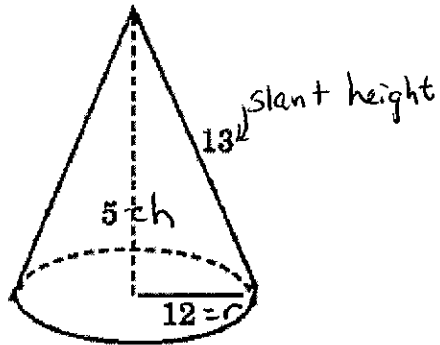
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A. Cone – has one base that is a circle and then meets at a common vertex.

Formula: $V = \frac{Bh}{3}$ $V = \frac{\pi r^2 h}{3}$ (what is the base in a cone?)

For Examples 1 and 2, find the volume of each cone.

Example 1a:



$$\begin{aligned} V &= \frac{\pi(12)^2(5)}{3} \\ &= \frac{144(5)\pi}{3} \\ &= \frac{720\pi}{3} = \end{aligned}$$

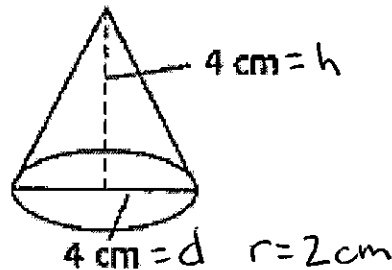
Volume = 240π units³

Find the volume to the nearest tenth.

$$\approx 753.9822369$$

Volume \approx 754.0 units³

Example 1b: (Hint: What's the radius?)



$$\begin{aligned} V &= \frac{\pi(2)^2(4)}{3} \\ &= \frac{16\pi}{3} \end{aligned}$$

Volume = $\frac{16}{3}\pi$ cm³

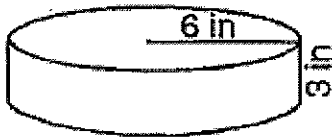
$$\approx 16.75516082$$

Volume \approx 16.8 cm³

B. Comparing/Analyzing volumes.

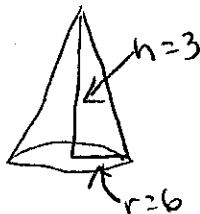
Example 2:

- a) Given the following figure, find the volume (leave in terms of π).



$$\begin{aligned} V &= \pi r^2 h \\ V &= \pi (6)^2 (3) \\ &= \pi (36)(3) \\ &= 108\pi \text{ in}^3 \end{aligned}$$

- b) Draw a cone with the same dimensions as the figure above, what is the cone's volume (leave in terms of π)?



$$\begin{aligned} V &= \frac{\pi r^2 h}{3} \\ &= \frac{\pi (6)^2 (3)}{3} \\ &= 36\pi \text{ in}^3 \end{aligned}$$

- c) How do the two volumes compare?

$$\frac{108\pi}{36\pi} = 3; \text{ the cylinder is 3 times larger}$$

or

the cone is $\frac{1}{3}$ the size.

Example 3:

What would have a greater effect on the volume of a cone: doubling its radius or doubling its height? (Use the information from 2b to get started)

- a) Double radius:

$$\begin{aligned} V &= \frac{\pi (12)^2 (3)}{3} \\ &= \frac{\pi (144)(3)}{3} \\ &= 144\pi \text{ in}^3 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{144\pi}{36\pi} = 4 \text{ times larger}$$

- b) Double height:

$$\begin{aligned} V &= \frac{\pi (6)^2 (6)}{3} \\ &= \frac{\pi (36)(6)}{3} \\ &= 72\pi \text{ in}^3 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{72\pi}{36\pi} = 2 \text{ times larger}$$

C. Determining missing lengths.

Example 4:

The volume of a cone is $405\pi \text{ in}^3$ with a diameter of 18in. Find the height of the cone.

$$d=18, r=9$$

$$V = \frac{\pi r^2 h}{3}$$

$$\frac{405\pi}{3} = \frac{\pi(9)^2 h}{3}$$

$$\frac{1215\pi}{81\pi} = \frac{81\pi h}{81\pi}$$

$$h = 15 \text{ in}$$

Example 5:

An ice cream shop designs a new ice cream cone. He wants the volume to be about 240cm^3 . The cone is 14cm tall. What is its radius to the nearest whole number?



$$V = \frac{\pi r^2 h}{3}$$

$$\frac{240}{3} = \frac{\pi r^2 (14)}{3}$$

$$\frac{720}{14\pi} = \frac{14\pi r^2}{14\pi}$$

$$\sqrt{r^2} = \sqrt{16.37022272}$$

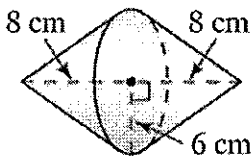
$$r \approx 4.046013188$$

$$r \approx 4 \text{ cm}$$

D. Composite Volume

Find the volume of each solid in terms of pi.

Example 6:



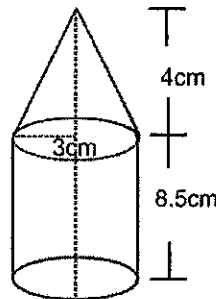
$$V = \frac{\pi r^2 h}{3}$$

$$= \frac{\pi(8)^2(6)}{3}$$

$$= 96\pi$$

But double since there are two cones so $192\pi \text{ cm}^3$

Example 7:



$$V_{\text{cone}} = \pi(3)^2(4)$$

$$= 36\pi$$

$$V_{\text{cyl}} = \frac{\pi(3)^2(8.5)}{3}$$

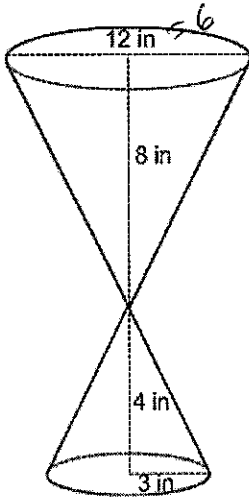
$$= 12\pi$$

$$\text{Total} = 36\pi + 12\pi$$

$$48\pi \text{ cm}^3$$

Additional Practice:
Show all work.

1. Find the volume.



$$V_{\text{cone 1}} = \frac{\pi(3)^2(4)}{3}$$

$$= 12\pi$$

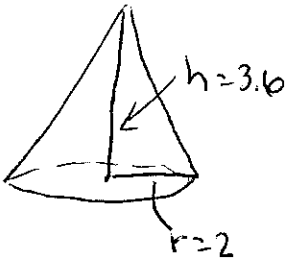
$$V_{\text{cone 2}} = \frac{\pi(6)^2(8)}{3}$$

$$= 96\pi$$

$$\text{Total} = \frac{96\pi}{+ 12\pi}$$

$108\pi \text{ m}^3$

2. Bob is building a storage shed in a conical shape. The base of the shed is 4 meters in diameter and the height of the shed is 3.6 meters. What is the volume?

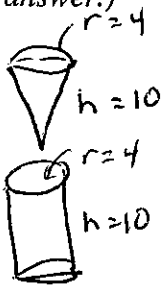


$$V = \frac{\pi r^2 h}{3}$$

$$= \frac{\pi(2)^2(3.6)}{3}$$

$$= \boxed{4.8\pi \text{ m}^3}$$

3. A machine uses a funnel in the shape of a cone to fill soda cans on an assembly line. The funnel has a height 10cm and a diameter of 8cm. How many times would the machine need to fill the cone to then fill a can of the same dimensions? (Show work to prove the answer.)



$$\begin{aligned}
 V_{\text{cone}} &= \frac{\pi r^2 h}{3} \\
 &= \frac{\pi (4)^2 (10)}{3} \\
 &= \frac{160\pi}{3}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 V_{\text{cy}} &= \pi r^2 h \\
 &= \pi (4)^2 (10) \\
 &= 160\pi
 \end{aligned}$$

It would need to fill it 3 times!

4. Find the diameter, to the nearest unit, of a cone with an approximate volume of 22 ft^3 and a height of 21ft.

$$\begin{aligned}
 V &= \frac{\pi r^2 h}{3} \\
 22 &= \frac{\pi r^2 (21)}{3} \\
 \frac{66}{21\pi} &= \frac{\pi r^2 (21)}{3}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\sqrt{r^2} = \sqrt{1.000402499}$$

$$r \approx 1.000201229$$

$$d = 2r$$

so double

it would be approximately 2ft.

5. The human eye contains "cones", primarily responsible for color vision, which have an approximate diameter and length of 1.0×10^{-7} meters and 5.0×10^{-5} meters respectively. What is the approximate volume of the solid?

$$d = 1.0 \times 10^{-7}$$

$$r = 5 \times 10^{-8}$$

$$V = \frac{\pi (5 \times 10^{-8})^2 (5.0 \times 10^{-5})}{3}$$

$$= \frac{\pi (2.5 \times 10^{-15}) (5.0 \times 10^{-5})}{3}$$

$$= \frac{1.25 \times 10^{-19} \pi}{3}$$

$$= \boxed{4.16666667 \times 10^{-20} \pi \text{ m}^3}$$

or $1.308996939 \times 10^{-19}$

